

Summary Internal Audit Report

Council:	SCALFORD PARISH COUNCIL		Year ending:	31 March 2020
Internal Auditor:	Richard Willcocks		Date of report:	02/05/2020
Audit review date(s)	Interim	20/01/2020	Final	28/04/2020

To the Chairman of the Council:

1. Introduction

In accordance with the terms of my engagement, I have undertaken a review of **Scalford Parish Council's** records, policies, and procedures for the financial **year ending 31 March 2020**, following which I completed and signed the Annual Internal Audit Report (part 3 of the 2020 Annual Governance and Accountability Return).

2. Basis of Report

This internal audit report is based upon the National Association of Local Councils (NALC) recommended checklist, introduced in 2018, in conjunction with the Practitioners' Guide to Governance and Accountability in Local Authorities.

The scope of this internal audit is focused on assessing the effectiveness of the Council's internal controls. Where any such controls are found to be deficient, the internal audit will help lead to improvement in those processes.

By applying the principles of internal auditing, outlined in the current Accounts and Audit Regulations and applying the approach to internal audit testing outlined in paragraph 1 above, every effort is made to ensure that all internal audits are conducted with due professional care, integrity and independence. All conclusions derived from the audit are based upon objective and traceable evidence.

2. Aims & Objectives

Scalford Parish Council has a statutory duty to complete an Annual Governance and Accountability Return (the Annual Return) at the end of each financial year. As part of this Return, the Council's internal audit function is required to provide assurance that relevant procedures and controls were operating effectively for the financial year above. The purpose of this exercise is to meet those statutory requirements and provide the Council with an appropriate level of assurance in support of the Annual Return.

The Council is required to take appropriate action on all matters raised in reports from internal and external audit and to respond to matters brought to its attention by internal and external audit. Failure to take appropriate action may lead to a qualified audit opinion.

3. Scope of Audit

The internal audit exercise involves such testing of the evidence of and evidence of compliance with the 12 statements contained in the **Annual Internal Audit Report** of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return (AGAR), as applicable to the range and financial materiality of the Councils' activities. The statements refer to:

- A. Maintenance of proper financial records
- B. Compliance with the Council's Standing Orders, Financial Regulations and proper accounting for VAT
- C. Adequacy of risk management arrangements
- D. Effective budgeting and budgetary control
- E. Identification of income due and timely collection and banking of such monies
- F. Proper administration of petty cash
- G. Proper administration of salaries of employees and expenses paid
- H. Maintenance of an accurate and reliable asset register
- I. The completion of regular bank reconciliations
- J. The correct basis and accurate preparation of year-end accounts
- K. Whether the Council has met its responsibilities as a trustee.
- L. Correctly applying the exercise of public rights during the previous year period.

NB: It would be incorrect to view internal audit as the detailed inspection of all records and transactions of the Council in order to detect error or fraud. It is the periodic independent review of a Council's internal controls resulting in an assurance report designed to improve effectiveness and efficiency of the activities and operating procedures under the Council's control. Managing the Council's internal controls should be a day-to-day function of the staff and councilors and not left for internal audit. (Source: Governance and Accountability for Local Councils-A Practitioners' Guide-2019)

4. Findings

The outcomes of the recommended testing required for assurance purposes is shown in the following documents provided under separate cover:

- Internal Audit Checklist.
- Internal Audit Checklist-Appendix A: Key Policies, Procedures & Documents Review.
- Internal Audit Checklist-Appendix B: Transaction Spot Check.
- Internal Audit Process (available on request)

5. Recommendations

Audit Year Raised	Internal Audit Report Checklist			Compliance Category *	Comments
	Section	Ref	Recommendation		
2020	4. Budget	4.6	That an appropriate i.e. standard, form of words is used to minute the approval of the annual budget and precept (see section 4.6 of the Internal Audit Report Checklist for the specific wording).	2 (OFI).	This wording is as recommended by LRALC in a parish council Governance Health Check undertaken in 2018 and is aimed at ensuring best practice is applied.
2019	6. Asset Control	6.4	That the a more formal and regular review and inspection of the Council's assets for risk is undertaken, especially for play equipment and cemeteries.	2 (OFI)	All inspections should include a brief report/feedback of findings, which should be reported to the Council and then retained by the Clerk.

6. Other Comments/Observations

It should be noted that this internal audit report covers the financial year to 31/03/2020 and therefore the impact on the Council of the coronavirus epidemic was not considered to be significant up to that date. However, at the time of writing this report the country is still in a lockdown situation, which is having a major impact on organisations of all sizes, both economically and logistically. For the former, this Council will be affected to a lesser degree primarily because only a small amount, if any, of non-precepted income is expected to be lost as a result of the ongoing lockdown. However, due to the ongoing uncertainties of the coronavirus situation, the Council should continue to monitor its finances regularly and stringently, to ensure that it can continue to operate within its means i.e. it maintains a clear understanding of its current financial position and takes prompt action to address any significant adverse budget variances.

Regarding this internal audit, it is again pleasing to note that any recommendations made in my internal audit report are addressed before the next internal audit is under way, thus reflecting the professionalism and attention to detail of the Clerk. Of the 2 recommendations made in section 5 above, the one relating to the minuting of the annual budget and precept is a recommendation I will be inputting into all my internal audit reports this year to encourage best practice. The other recommendation is brought forward from the previous year's internal audit report and is expected to be addressed and completed in 2020. Therefore, the overall internal audit opinion is: **GOOD ***

Finally, I would draw the Council's attention to page 10 of the Internal Audit Checklist, accompanying this report, which explains the reason for the high amount of other receipts (box 3) being recorded in Section 2-Accounting Statements of the 2020 Annual Governance and Accountability Return (AGAR). The Clerk and I are agreed that the correct accounting treatment has been applied.

7. Acknowledgments

The help and co-operation of Chris Hill, Clerk to the Council, is again much appreciated by the internal auditor. In particular for agreeing to undertake the post financial year end review meeting remotely i.e. a video conferencing meeting via Zoom. This ensured that the original timetable to complete the 2019/20 internal audit was met, despite the difficulties encountered due to the coronavirus lockdown

Yours sincerely,



Richard Willcocks FCMA, MiP
Internal Auditor to the Council
E: rfw@redwoodpryor.co.uk
M: 07787 738181

** = see Compliance Categories and Definitions of Internal audit assurance below.*

COMPLIANCE CATEGORIES

1. Compliant:	Adherence with the requirements of the audit question. No major or minor non-conformances found.
2. Opportunity for Improvement (OFI):	<p>A situation or condition of internal control that may be weak, cumbersome, redundant, overly complex, or in some other manner, may, in the opinion of the internal auditor, offer an opportunity for the Council to improve its current status.</p> <p>OFI's do not necessitate any immediate remedial action on the part of the Council; however, the Council should give them serious consideration in view of the internal auditor's knowledge and exposure to similar controls and processes.</p> <p>An OFI may be an improvement to the internal control system or could prevent future problems.</p>
3. Minor Non-compliance:	<p>A non-compliance that, based on the judgment and experience of the internal auditor, is not likely to result in the failure of the internal control system or reduce its ability to ensure effective control is maintained.</p> <p>It may be either:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A failure in some part of the Council's internal control and assurance relative to a specified requirement. 2. A single observed lapse in following one item of testing of the Council's internal controls.
4. Major Non-compliance:	<p>The absence or total breakdown of an internal control process necessary to meet a specified requirement.</p> <p>A number of minor non-compliances against one requirement can represent a total breakdown of an internal control process and thus be considered a major non-conformity.</p> <p>Any non-compliance that would result in the probable delivery of a non-conforming service or action by the Council. Conditions that may result in the failure of or materially reduce the usability of the Council's services for their intended purpose.</p> <p>A non-compliance that, in the judgment and experience of the internal auditor, is likely to either result in the failure of an internal control process or to materially reduce its ability to assure effective internal control.</p>

INTERNAL AUDIT ASSURANCE DEFINITIONS

AUDIT OPINION	EXPLANATION
GOOD	There is a sound system of internal control designed to achieve the Council's objectives. The internal control processes tested are being consistently applied.
ADEQUATE	While there is a basically sound system of internal control, there are weaknesses, which may put some of the Council's objectives at risk.
LIMITED	Weaknesses in the system of internal controls are such as to put the Council's objectives at risk. The level of non-compliance puts the Council's objectives at risk.
UNSATISFACTORY	Control processes are generally weak, leaving the processes/systems open to significant error or abuse. Significant non-compliance with basic control processes leaves the processes/systems open to error or abuse.